

# Weekly Update

## Fed Refrains from Rate Hike

August 3, 2018



Member FINRA/SIPC,  
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### The Economy

- The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) left interest rates unchanged in a unanimous vote, despite unabated strong economic expansion, robust consumer spending and a solid labor market. The FOMC's official statement reinforced the likelihood of two more rate hikes in 2018, citing accelerating inflationary pressures.
- The U.S. economy added 157,000 jobs in July, falling short of expectations; however, the number of jobs added in the previous month was revised higher. Unemployment decreased slightly to 3.9% and hourly wage growth remained 2.7% year over year.
- The U.S. trade deficit widened sharply by 7.2% in July to \$46.3 billion after hitting a 19-month low in June. Exports declined by 0.7% on a drop in capital goods and consumer products, while imports increased by 0.6%. A wider trade deficit detracts from economic growth.
- Personal income expanded by 0.4% in June, with the wages and salaries component also rising by 0.4%. Consumer spending advanced by 0.4% for the month. The core personal consumption expenditures reading (which excludes food and energy and is the Federal Reserve's preferred measure of inflation) moved 0.1% higher for the month and 1.9% year over year, just shy of the central bank's 2% inflation target.
- The Institute for Supply Management's manufacturing purchasing managers' index (PMI) expanded at a slightly slower pace in July compared to June. A similar report by Markit Economics also showed that manufacturing decelerated; although it remained in solid expansion territory for the month. Both reports highlighted inflationary pressures tied to the recent tariffs on steel imports.
- Initial jobless claims grew by 1,000 to 218,000 in the week ending July 28. The less-volatile four-week moving average fell by 3,500 to 214,500. Continuing claims decreased by 23,000 to 1.72 million in the week ending July 21, lingering near an historic low.
- The S&P CoreLogic Case-Shiller Home Price Index edged up by 0.2% in May and by a more substantial 6.5% year over year as price increases slowed; analysts suggested that rising mortgage rates put a squeeze on consumer spending.
- Mortgage-purchase applications slid by 3% in the week ending July 27, as mortgage rates climbed near their highest level in seven years. Refinancing activity (which can be sensitive to even small rate changes) moderated by 2%.
- The eurozone's economy grew by 0.3% in the second quarter, according to the preliminary gross domestic product reading, pointing to a further slowdown in regional economic growth.
- The Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee voted unanimously in favor of raising its benchmark lending rate by 25 basis points to 0.75%. The central bank noted that future rate hikes would likely come at a gradual, but limited, pace.

### U.S. Economic Calendar

- August 7: Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey, Consumer Credit
- August 8: Mortgage Applications
- August 9: Jobless Claims, Producer Prices
- August 10: Consumer Price Index

### Stocks

- Global equity markets declined this week. Developed markets fared better than emerging markets.
- U.S. equity sector performance was mixed. Telecommunication services and healthcare led, while energy and industrials lagged. Growth stocks slightly outgained value stocks; large-cap stocks beat small-cap stocks.

### Bonds

- Global bond markets were mostly negative this week. High-yield bonds outperformed, while investment-grade corporate and global government bonds underperformed.
- The 10-year Treasury yield topped 3.0% after the FOMC upgraded its economic outlook, yet declined later in the week as investors remained on edge about continued trade tensions.

The Numbers as of August 3, 2018	1 Week	YTD	1 Year	Friday's Close
<b>Global Equity Indices</b>				
MSCI ACWI (\$)	-0.6%	0.9%	8.0%	517.5
MSCI EAFE (\$)	-1.7%	-3.6%	1.1%	1976.6
MSCI Emerging Mkts (\$)	-2.3%	-7.9%	0.3%	1067.4
<b>US &amp; Canadian Equities</b>				
Dow Jones Industrials (\$)	0.0%	3.0%	15.6%	25462.6
S&P 500 (\$)	0.8%	6.2%	14.9%	2840.4
NASDAQ (\$)	1.0%	13.2%	23.2%	7812.0
S&P/TSX Composite (C\$)	0.2%	1.3%	8.1%	16423.4
<b>UK &amp; European Equities</b>				
FTSE All-Share (£)	-0.6%	-0.4%	2.7%	4205.7
MSCI Europe ex UK (€)	-1.2%	-0.4%	2.2%	1340.0
<b>Asian Equities</b>				
Topix (¥)	-1.9%	-4.1%	6.7%	1742.6
Hong Kong Hang Seng (\$)	-3.9%	-7.5%	0.5%	27676.3
MSCI Asia Pac. Ex-Japan (\$)	-2.4%	-6.5%	0.8%	532.3
<b>Latin American Equities</b>				
MSCI EMF Latin America (\$)	-1.5%	-4.9%	-3.2%	2690.2
Mexican Bolsa (peso)	-0.7%	-0.1%	-3.9%	49317.1
Brazilian Bovespa (real)	2.0%	6.6%	22.0%	81444.5
<b>Commodities (\$)</b>				
West Texas Intermediate Spot	-0.3%	13.4%	39.7%	68.5
Gold Spot Price	-0.8%	-6.9%	-4.1%	1215.9
<b>Global Bond Indices (\$)</b>				
Barclays Global Aggregate (\$)	-0.4%	-2.0%	-1.5%	474.8
JPMorgan Emerging Mkt Bond	-0.8%	-3.8%	-2.2%	777.5
<b>10-Year Yield Change (basis points*)</b>				
US Treasury	0	55	73	2.95%
UK Gilt	5	14	18	1.33%
German Bund	0	-2	-5	0.41%
Japan Govt Bond	1	6	4	0.11%
Canada Govt Bond	6	31	46	2.35%
<b>Currency Returns**</b>				
US\$ per euro	-0.8%	-3.6%	-2.5%	1.157
Yen per US\$	0.2%	-1.3%	1.1%	111.25
US\$ per £	-0.8%	-3.8%	-1.0%	1.300
C\$ per US\$	-0.5%	3.3%	3.2%	1.299
Source: Bloomberg. Equity-index returns are price only, others are total return. *100 basis points = 1 percentage point. **Increases in U.S. dollars (USD) per euro or pound indicate a decline in the value of the USD; increases in yen or Canadian dollars per USD indicate an increase in the value of the USD.				

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